

Effective Date: May 2019  
REF NO.:AK19/0283/XYLENE

# XYLENE

## 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

### Product Identification:

Xylene

### Chemicals Name:

Dimethylbenzene

### Other Trade Name:

Stoving Thinner

### Manufacturer/Supplier:

Aik Moh Paints & Chemicals Pte Ltd  
20 TUAS STREET, SINGAPORE 638457  
Tel : 6863 1993 Fax : 6863 8033  
Website : www.aikmoh.com.sg

## 2. Hazards Identification

### GHS Classification

Flammable Liquid	3
Acute Toxicity (Oral)	5
Acute Toxicity (Inhalation)	4
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	2
Serious Eye Damage/ Irritation	2A
Carcinogenicity	2
Toxic to reproduction	1B
STOST (Single exposure)	2 (central nervous system)
STOST (Repeated exposure)	2 (central nervous system)
Aspiration hazard	1
Acute hazards to the aquatic environment	2

### GHS Label Elements



**Signal words:** Danger

### Physical hazards:

Hazard classification:  
H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour

### Health hazards:

Hazard classification:  
H303 - May be harmful if swallowed  
H332 - Harmful if inhaled  
H315 - Causes skin irritation

Effective Date: May 2019  
REF NO.:AK19/0283/XYLENE

## XYLENE

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation  
H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child  
H371 - May cause damage to organs  
H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure  
H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

### Environmental hazards:

Hazard classification:

H401 - Toxic to aquatic life

### Precautionary Statement(s):

#### Prevention

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.  
P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.  
P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.  
P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/.../equipment.  
P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.  
P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.  
P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.  
P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.  
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.  
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.  
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

#### Response

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.  
P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.  
P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use appropriate medium for extinction  
P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.  
P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.  
P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.  
P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.  
P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.  
P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.  
P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.  
P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.

## 3. Composition Information on Ingredients

**Chemical identification:**  $C_6H_4(CH_3)_2$

**Common name(s)/Synonyms:** Dimethyl benzenes, Xylene S, Mixed xylenes, Methyl Toluene, Xylol

**CAS No./EC No.:** 1330-20-7/215-535-7

## 4. First-Aid Measures

**General Information:** Keep victim calm. Obtain medical treatment immediately.

**Inhalation:** DO NOT DELAY. Remove to fresh air. If rapid recovery does not occur, transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment.

**Skin Contact:** Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately flush skin with large amount of water for at least 15 minutes, and follow by washing with soap and water if available. If redness, swelling, pain and/or blisters occur, transport to the nearest medical facility for additional treatment.

Effective Date: May 2019  
REF NO.:AK19/0283/XYLENE

## XYLENE

**Eye Contact:** Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. Transport to the nearest medical facility for additional treatment.

**Ingestion:** If swallowed, do not induce vomiting; transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration.

**Advice to Physician:** Potential for chemical pneumonitis. Consider: gastric lavage with protected airway, administration of activated charcoal. Potential for cardiac sensitization, particularly in abuse

### 5. Fire Fighting Measures

Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel.

**Specific Hazards:** The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and distant ignition is possible. Will float and can be reignited on surface water. Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs.

**Extinguishing Media:** Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

**Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:** Do not use water in a jet.

**Protective Equipment for Firefighters:** Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.

**Additional Advice:** Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.

### 6. Accidental Release Measures

Observe all relevant local and international regulations. Avoid contact with spilled or released material. For guidance on selection of personnel protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this MSDS. See Chapter 13 for information on disposal.

**Protective measures:** Isolate hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary or unprotected personnel. Stay upwind and keep out of low areas. Shut off leaks, if possible without personal risks. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Use appropriate containment (of product and fire fighting water) to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Attempt to disperse the vapour or to direct its flow to a safe location for example by using fog sprays. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment. Ventilate contaminated area thoroughly.

**Clean Up Methods:** For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely. For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labelled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely.

**Additional Advice:** Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and distant ignition is possible. Vapour may form an explosive mixture with air. See Chapter 13 for information on disposal.

### 7. Handling and Storage

**General Precautions:** Avoid breathing of or contact with material. Only use in well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Material Safety Data Sheet. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.

**Handling:** Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Extinguish any naked flames. Do not smoke. Remove ignition sources. Avoid sparks. Electrostatic charges may be generated during pumping. Electrostatic discharge may cause fire. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment. Restrict line velocity during pumping in order to

## GHS SAFETY DATA SHEET

Page 4 of 7

Effective Date: May 2019  
 REF NO.:AK19/0283/XYLENE

## XYLENE

avoid generation of electrostatic discharge ( $\leq 1$  m/sec until fill pipe submerged to twice its diameter, then  $\leq 7$  m/sec). Avoid splash filling. Do NOT use compressed air for filling, discharging, or handling operations. Handle and open container with care in a well ventilated area.

**Storage:** Vapours from tanks should not be released to atmosphere. Breathing losses during storage should be controlled by a suitable vapour treatment system. Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded). Must be stored in a diked (bunded) well-ventilated area, away from sunlight, ignition sources and other sources of heat. Keep away from aerosols, flammables, oxidizing agents, corrosives and from other flammable products which are not harmful or toxic to man or to the environment. The vapour is heavier than air. Beware of accumulation in pits and confined spaces. Storage Temperature: Ambient.

**Product Transfer:** Keep containers closed when not in use. Do not use compressed air for filling, discharging or handling.

**Recommended Materials:** For containers, or container linings use mild steel, stainless steel.

**Unsuitable Materials:** Natural, butyl, neoprene or nitrile rubbers.

**Container Advice:** Containers, even those that have been emptied, can contain explosive vapours. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers.

**Additional Information:** Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and storage facilities are followed.

### 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Material	Source	Type	ppm	mg/m3	Notation
Ethylbenzene	ACGIH	TWA	100 ppm		
	ACGIH	STEL	125 ppm		
	SG OEL	TWA	100 ppm	434 mg/m3	
	SG OEL	STEL	125 ppm	543 mg/m3	
Xylene, Mixed Isomers	ACGIH	TWA	100 ppm		
	ACGIH	STEL	150 ppm		
	SG OEL	TWA	100 ppm	434 mg/m3	
	SG OEL	STEL	150 ppm	651 mg/m3	

**Additional Information:** Skin notation means that significant exposure can also occur by absorption of liquid through the skin and of vapour through the eyes or mucous membranes.

**Exposure Controls:** The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations below the exposure guidelines/limits. Local exhaust ventilation is recommended. Firewater monitors and deluge systems are recommended. Eye washes and showers for emergency use.

**Personal Protective Equipment:** Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

**Respiratory Protection:** If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for organic gases and vapours [boiling point  $>65$  °C (149 °F)] meeting EN141. Where air-filtering respirators are unsuitable (e.g., airborne concentrations are high, risk of oxygen deficiency, confined space) use appropriate positive pressure breathing apparatus.

**Hand Protection:** When handling this product, it is recommended to wear chemical resistant gloves. The choice of suitable protective gloves depends on work conditions and what chemicals are handled, but we have positive experience with gloves made of PVA. Note that PVA degrades when in contact with water. Gloves should be replaced immediately if sign of degradation is observed. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

Effective Date: May 2019  
REF NO.:AK19/0283/XYLENE

## XYLENE

**Eye Protection :** Chemical splash goggles (chemical monogoggles). Monogoggles (EN166)

**Protective Clothing :** Chemical resistant gloves/gauntlets. Where risk of splashing or in spillage clean up, use chemical resistant one-piece overall with integral hood.

**Environmental Exposure Controls:** Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.

### 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

**Appearance (physical state, colour etc):** Clear colourless liquid

**Odour:** Aromatic hydrocarbon odour

**Odour threshold:** Not available

**pH:** Not applicable

**Melting point/freezing point:** -35 °C

**Initial boiling point and boiling range:** 139 to 141 °C

**Flash point:** 27 °C TCC Minimum

**Explosive limits (in air):** 1 – 7.1 %(Vol)

**Auto-ignition temperature:** 432 - 530 °C (ASTM E659)

**Vapour pressure (50° C):** 4.5 kPa

**Vapour pressure (20° C):** 0.8 – 1.2 kPa

**Vapour pressure (0° C):** 0.2 kPa

**Vapour density (air=1):** 3.7

**Specific gravity (15°C/ 15°C):** 0.870 kg/dm<sup>3</sup> (ASTM D1298)

**Water solubility :** 0.175 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

**Solubility in other solvents :** Miscible

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:** Not available

**Decomposition temperature:** Not available

**Kinematic viscosity:** < 0.9mm<sup>2</sup>/s at 20 °C

**Molecular Weight:** 106 g/mol

**Evaporation Rate (n-Butyl Acetate=1):** 0.76 (ASTM D3539)

### 10. Stability and Reactivity

**Stability:** Stable under normal conditions of use. Reacts violently with strong oxidising agents.

**Conditions to Avoid:** Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Prevent vapour accumulation.

**Materials to Avoid:** Strong oxidising agents.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids and gases, including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion or thermal or oxidative degradation.

### 11. Toxicological Information

**Basis for Assessment:** Information given is based on product data.

**Acute Oral Toxicity:** Low toxicity: LD50 >2000 mg/kg, Rat

Aspiration into lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

**Acute Dermal Toxicity:** Low toxicity: LD50 >2000 mg/kg, Rabbit

**Acute Inhalation Toxicity:** Low toxicity: LC50 >20 mg/l / 4 hours, Rat

Effective Date: May 2019  
REF NO.:AK19/0283/XYLENE

## XYLENE

High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression resulting in headaches, dizziness and nausea; continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness and/or death.

**Skin Irritation:** Irritating to skin.

**Eye Irritation:** Moderately irritating to eyes (but insufficient to classify).

**Respiratory Irritation :** Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation to the respiratory system.

**Sensitisation:** Not a skin sensitiser.

**Mutagenicity:** Not mutagenic.

**Reproductive Toxicity:** Does not impair fertility

**Carcinogenicity:** Mixed xylenes contain ethylbenzene, which has shown limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.

**Repeated Dose Toxicity:** Central nervous system: repeated exposure affects the nervous system. Effects were seen at high doses only.

Respiratory system: repeated exposure affects the respiratory system. Effects were seen at high doses only.

Visual system: may cause decreased colour perception. These subtle changes have not been found to lead to functional colour vision deficits.

Auditory system: prolonged and repeated exposures to high concentrations have resulted in hearing loss in rats. Solvent abuse and noise interaction in the work environment may cause hearing loss.

**Additional Information:** Exposure to very high concentrations of similar materials has been associated with irregular heart rhythms and cardiac arrest.

## 12. Ecological Information

### Acute Toxicity

**Fish :** Toxic:  $1 < LC/EC/IC50 \leq 10$  mg/l

**Aquatic Invertebrates :** Toxic:  $1 < LC/EC/IC50 \leq 10$  mg/l

**Algae :** Toxic:  $1 < LC/EC/IC50 \leq 10$  mg/l

**Mobility:** Floats on water.

If product enters soil, it will be highly mobile and may contaminate groundwater.

**Persistence/degradability:** Readily biodegradable.

Oxidises rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air.

**Bioaccumulation:** Does not bioaccumulate significantly.

**Other Adverse Effects:** In view of the high rate of loss from solution, the product is unlikely to pose a significant hazard to aquatic life.

## 13. Disposal Considerations

**Material Disposal:** Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses. Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or water.

**Container Disposal:** Drain container thoroughly. After draining, vent in a safe place away from sparks and fire. Residues may cause an explosion hazard. Do not puncture, cut or weld uncleaned drums. Send to drum recoverer or metal reclaimer.

**Local Legislation:** Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

Effective Date: May 2019  
REF NO.:AK19/0283/XYLENE

## XYLENE

### 14. Transport Information

#### IMDG

Identification number: UN 1307  
Proper shipping name: XYLENES  
Class / Division: 3  
Packing group: III  
Marine pollutant: No

#### IATA (Country variations may apply)

UN No.: UN 1307  
Proper shipping name: XYLENES  
Class / Division: 3  
Packing group: III

#### Transport in Bulk (Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC code)

Pollution Category: Y  
Ship Type: 2  
Product Name: Xylenes

### 15. Regulatory Information

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

**EC Label Name:** XYLENE

**EC Classification:** Flammable, Harmful.

**EC Symbols:** Xn Harmful.

#### EC Risk Phrases:

R10 Flammable.  
R20/21 Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.  
R38 Irritating to skin.

**EC Safety Phrases:** S25 Avoid contact with eyes.

### 16. Other Information

**Uses and Restrictions:** Raw material for use in the chemical industry. Use as solvent only in industrial manufacturing processes.

**MSDS Distribution:** The information in this document should be made available to all who may handle the product

#### Disclaimer

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.